

Debug Multi-files c++ program in Visual Studio Code

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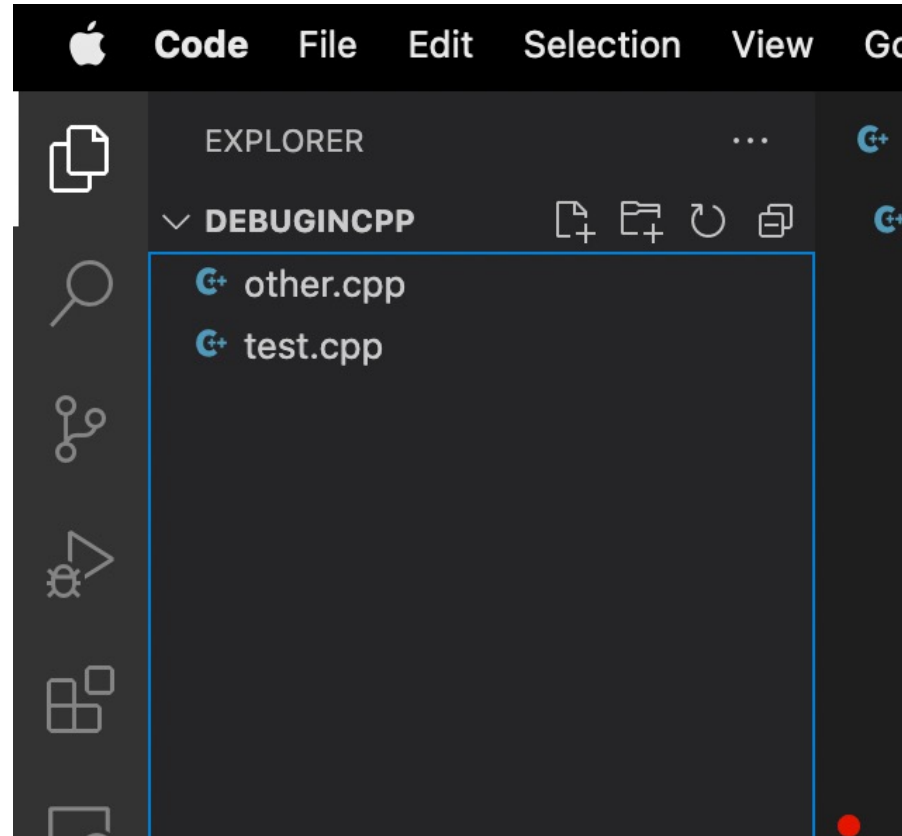
Nov. 12th, 2022

Introduction

- In CSC3002 so far, we are using VS Code with g++ compiler to run our cpp files. But how to debug the source file?
- This slides will show basic procedures to debug C++ program in Visual Studio Code
- This is totally an **optional topic**. It aims to let you know how to debug in Visual Studio Code, to make your programming experience better.

0. Pre-requisite

- You have just opened your program directory, not its parent directory.



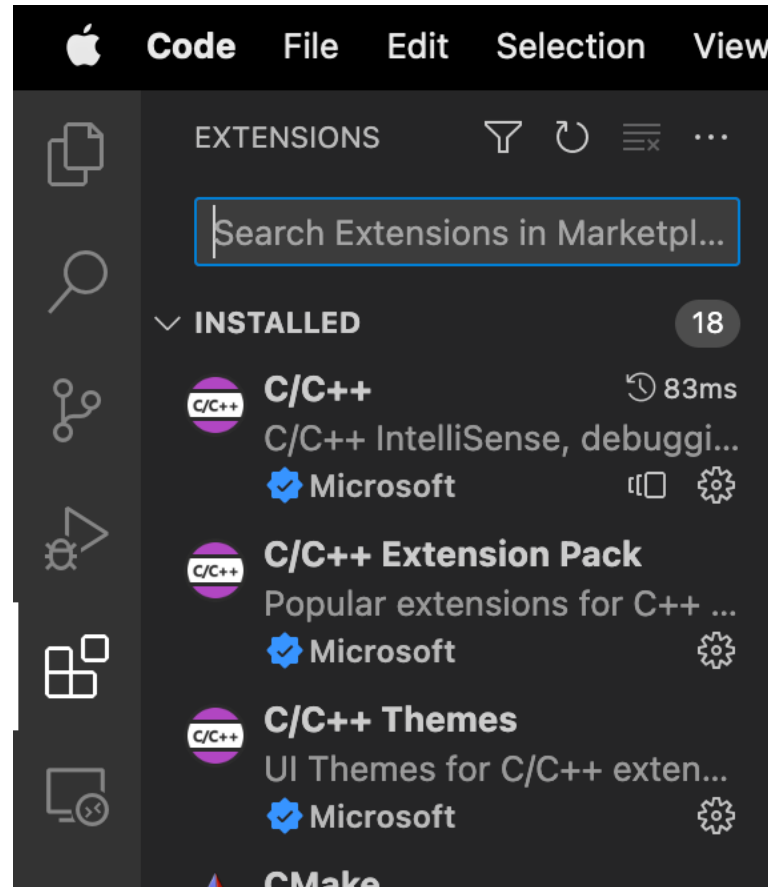
0. Pre-requisite

- You have g++ installed. (“g++ --version” gives some output like below)

```
PROBLEMS  OUTPUT  DEBUG CONSOLE  TERMINAL  JUPYTER  > zsh
• (base) → DebugInCPP g++ --version
Apple clang version 14.0.0 (clang-1400.0.29.202)
Target: arm64-apple-darwin21.6.0
Thread model: posix
InstalledDir: /Applications/Xcode.app/Contents/Developer/Toolchains/XcodeDefault.xctoolchain/usr/bin
```

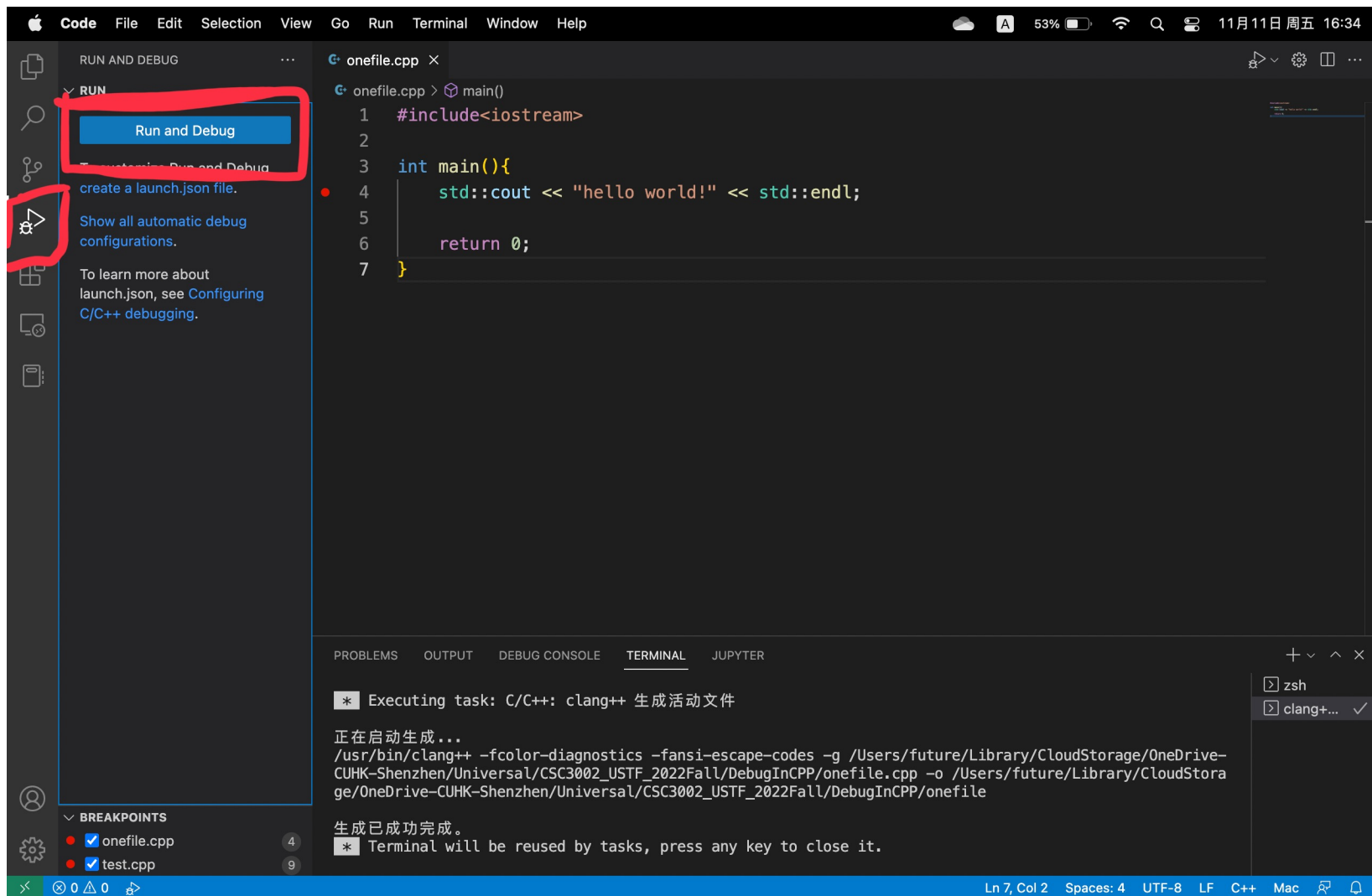
0. Pre-requisite

- You have VS Code-C++ extension installed.



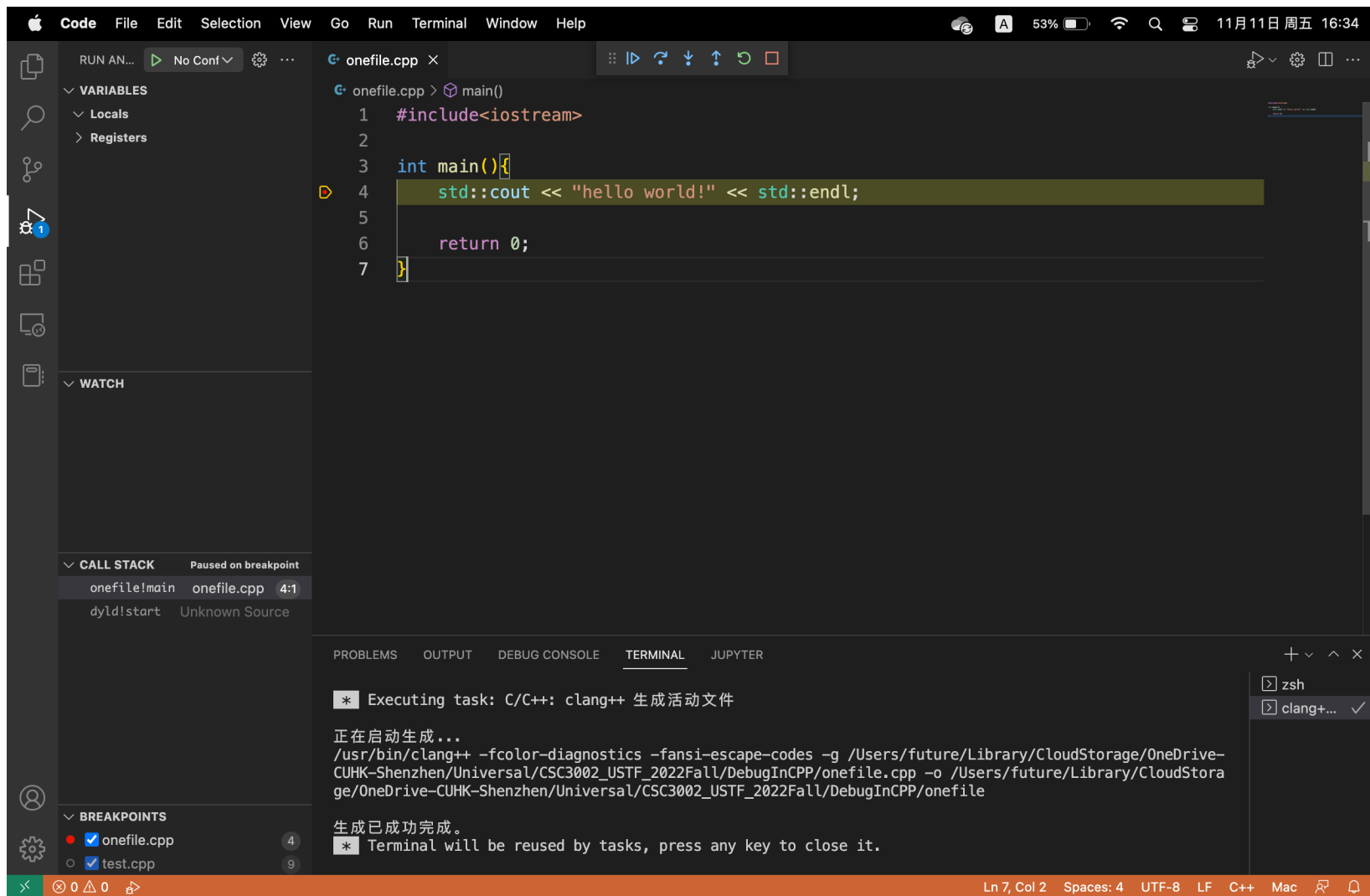
1. Single-file program

- If your program only have one source .cpp file, you can debug by directing doing the following things:



1. Single-file program

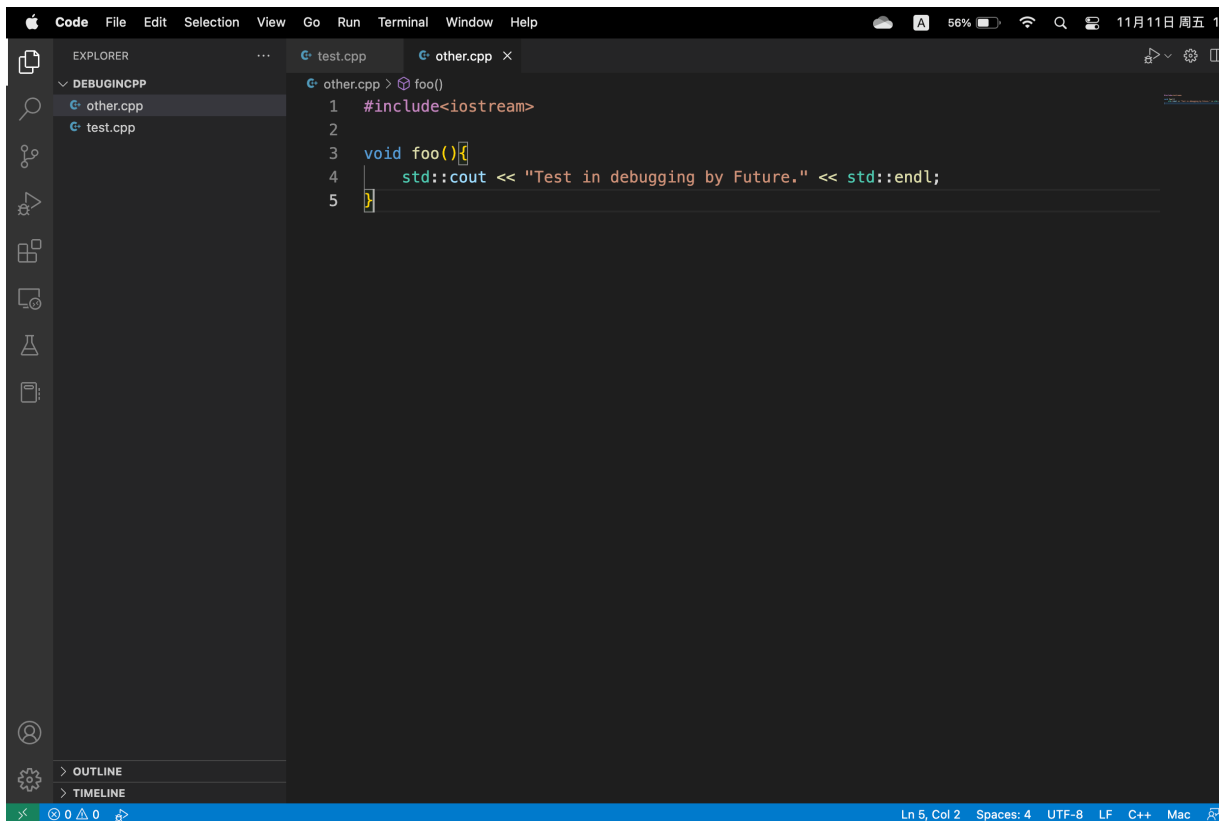
- The interface is just like what you do in writing Python.



```
Code File Edit Selection View Go Run Terminal Window Help
RUN AN... No Conf
onefile.cpp x
onefile.cpp > main()
1 #include<iostream>
2
3 int main(){
4     std::cout << "hello world!" << std::endl;
5
6     return 0;
7 }
VARIABLES
  Locals
  Registers
WATCH
CALL STACK Paused on breakpoint
  onefile!main onefile.cpp 4:1
  dyld!start Unknown Source
BREAKPOINTS
  onefile.cpp 4
  test.cpp 9
PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL JUPYTER
* Executing task: C/C++: clang++ 生成活动文件
正在启动生成...
/usr/bin/clang++ -fcolor-diagnostics -fansi-escape-codes -g /Users/future/Library/CloudStorage/OneDrive-CUHK-Shenzhen/Universal/CSC3002_USTF_2022Fall/DebugInCPP/onefile.cpp -o /Users/future/Library/CloudStorage/OneDrive-CUHK-Shenzhen/Universal/CSC3002_USTF_2022Fall/DebugInCPP/onefile
生成已成功完成。
* Terminal will be reused by tasks, press any key to close it.
Ln 7, Col 2 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 LF C++ Mac
```

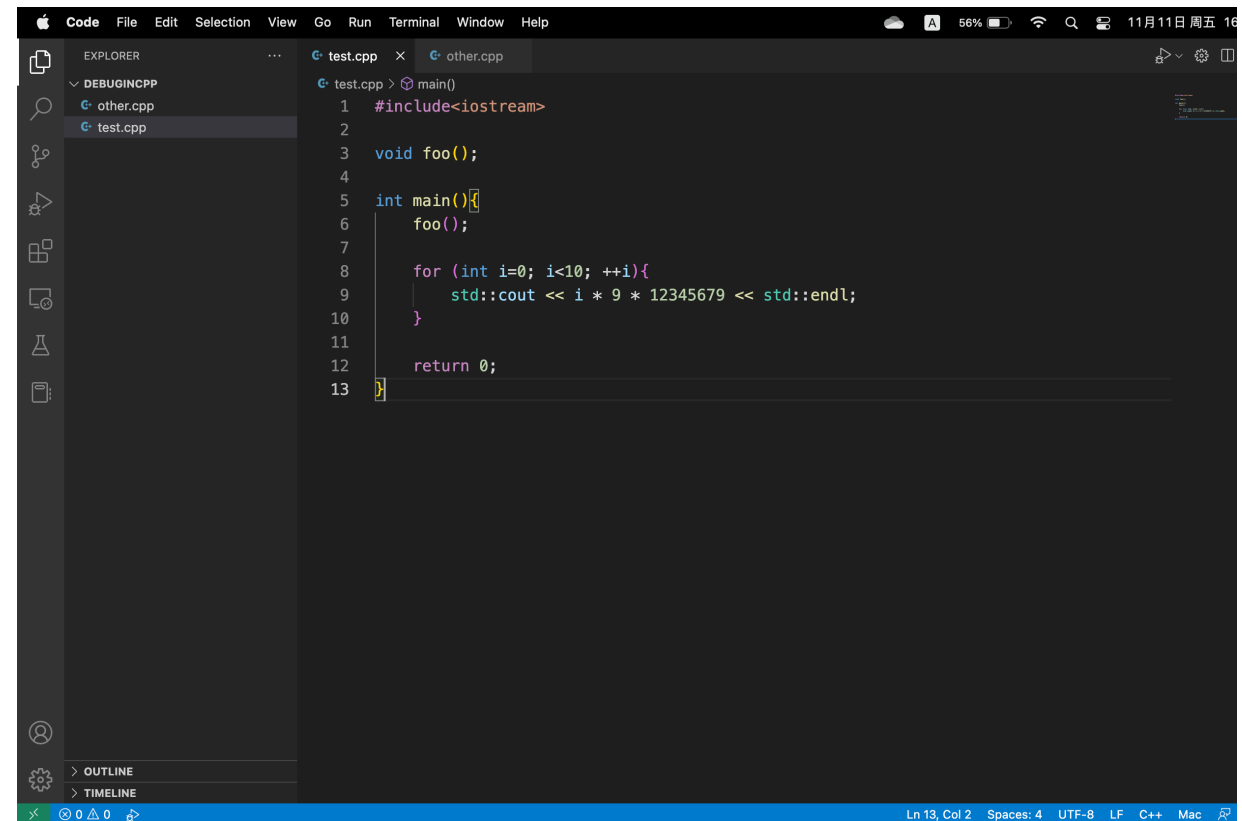
2. Multi-file program

Suppose we have such a two-file program, test.cpp and other.cpp.



```
Code File Edit Selection View Go Run Terminal Window Help
EXPLORER
DEBUGINGCPP
other.cpp
test.cpp
other.cpp > foo()
1 #include<iostream>
2
3 void foo(){
4     std::cout << "Test in debugging by Future." << std::endl;
5 }
```

Ln 5, Col 2 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 LF C++ Mac

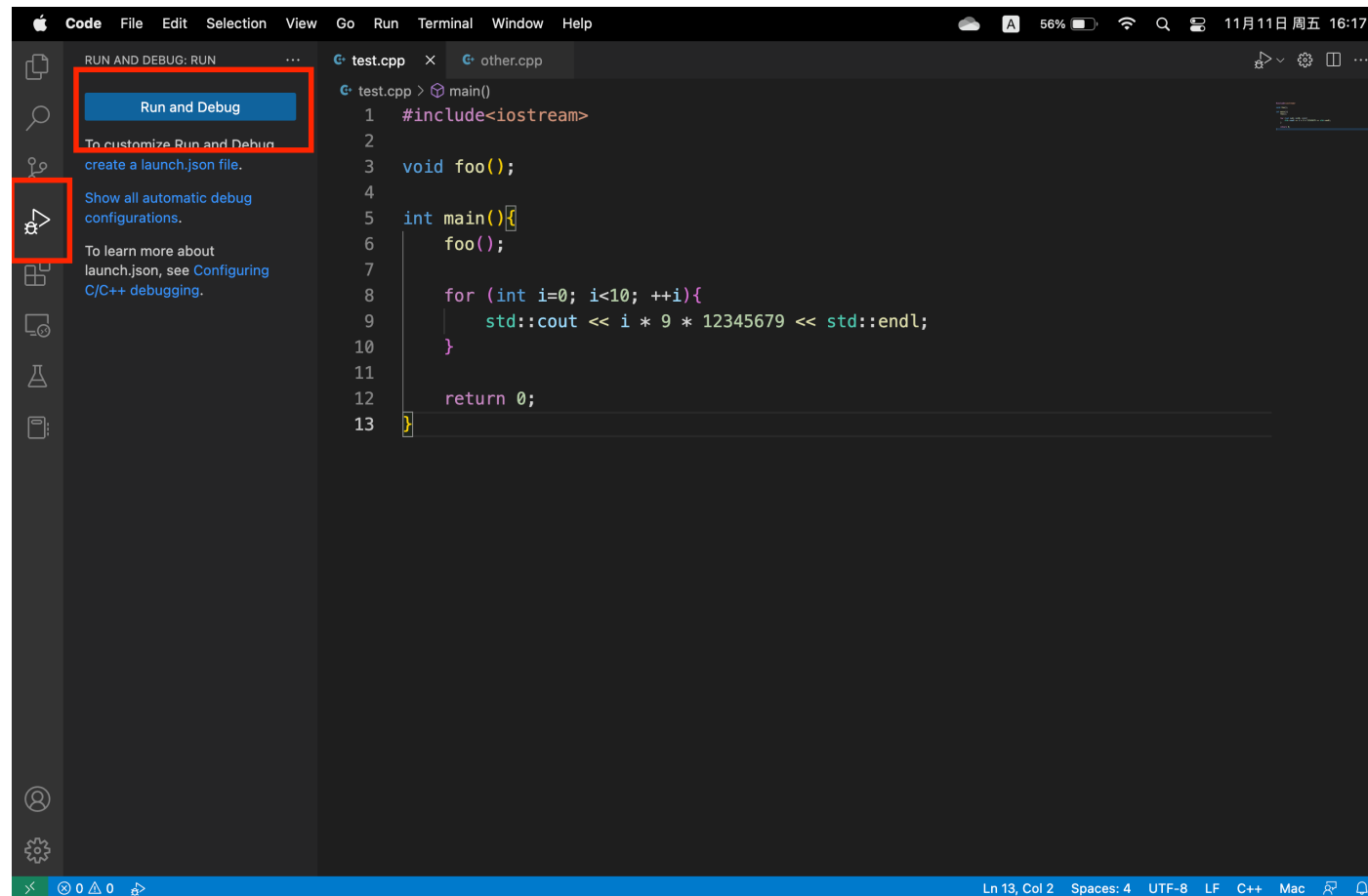


```
Code File Edit Selection View Go Run Terminal Window Help
EXPLORER
DEBUGINGCPP
other.cpp
test.cpp
test.cpp > main()
1 #include<iostream>
2
3 void foo();
4
5 int main(){
6     foo();
7
8     for (int i=0; i<10; ++i){
9         std::cout << i * 9 * 12345679 << std::endl;
10    }
11
12    return 0;
13 }
```

Ln 13, Col 2 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 LF C++ Mac

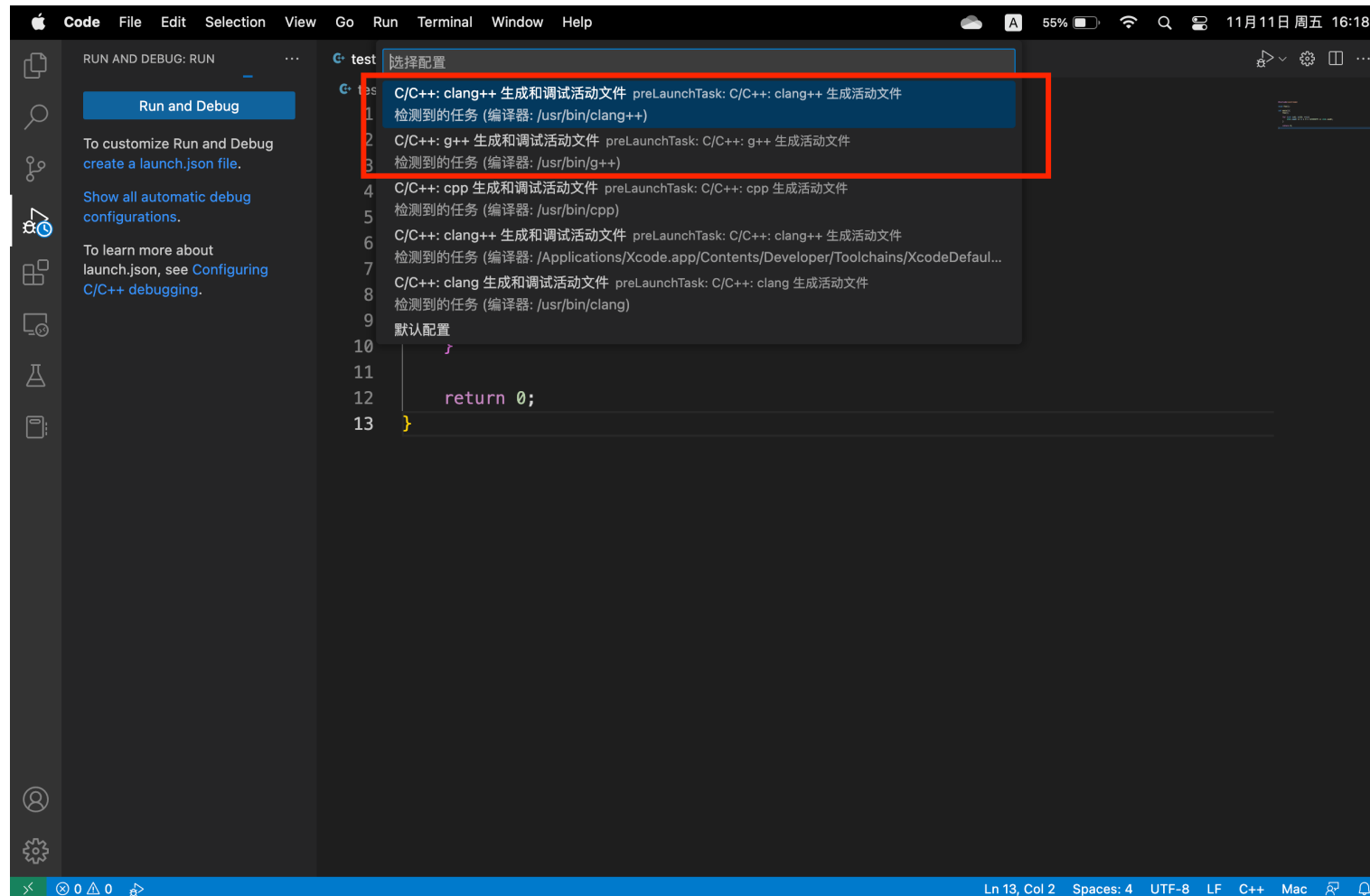
2.1 Generating the debug config

- Go to the "debug" side bar, clicking the "Run and Debug" once.



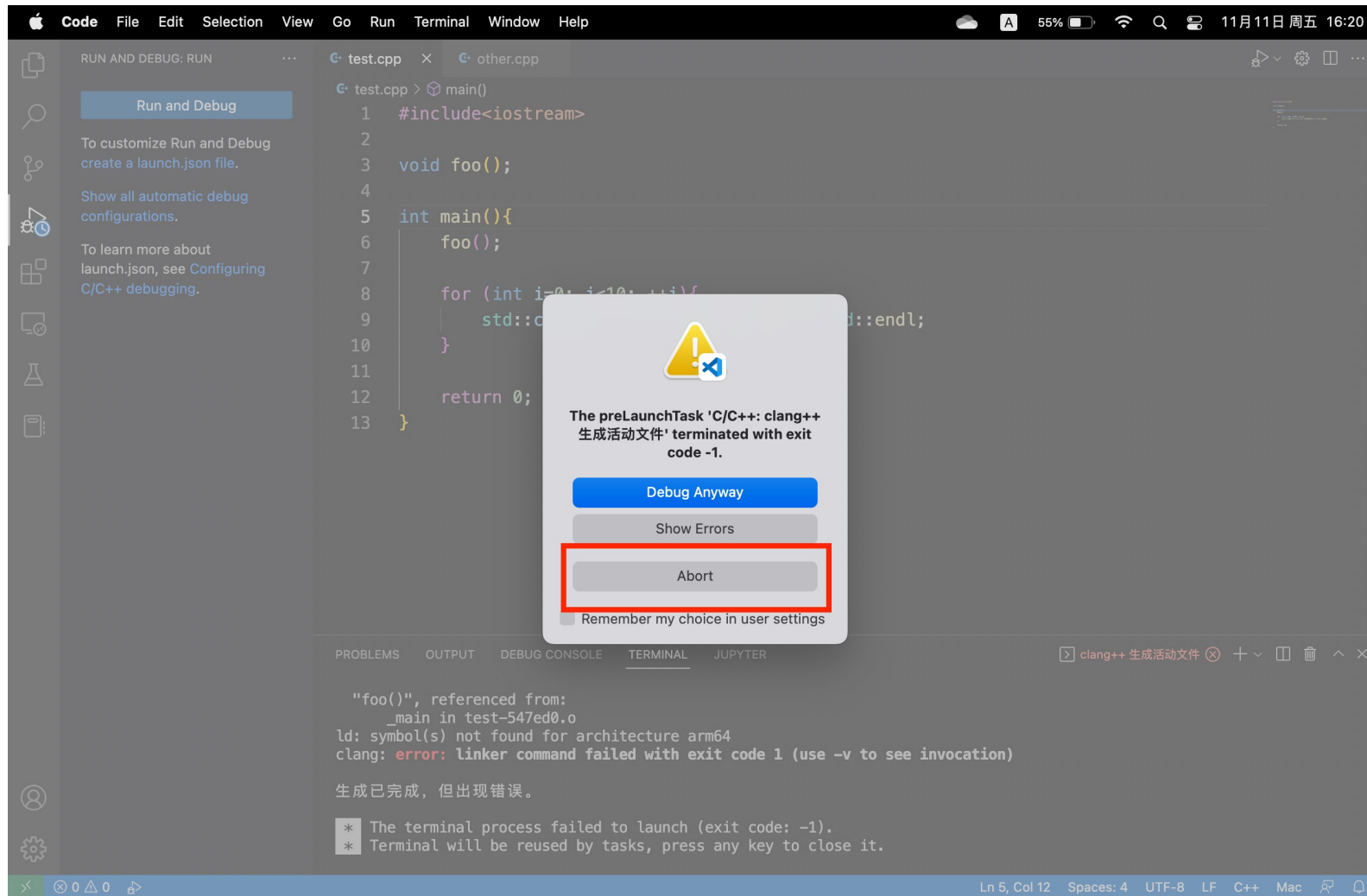
2.1 Generating the debug config

- Select configuration “clang++”/”g++” (MacOS), or “g++” (Windows)



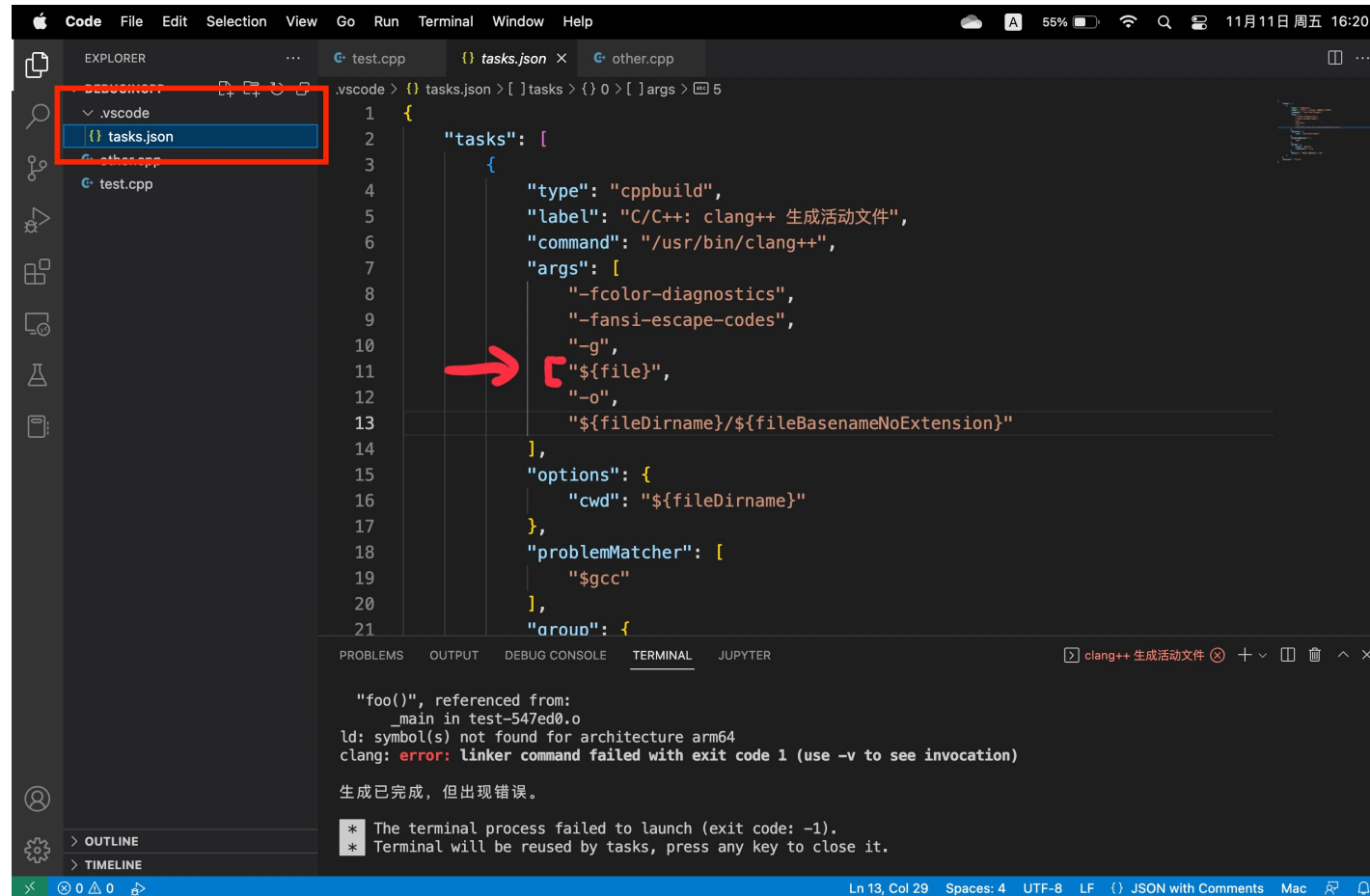
2.1 Generating the debug config

- You will see it returns an error. Click “abort” first.



2.1 Generating the debug config

- But, you will find that we have an “tasks.json” configuration generated in the folder “.vscode”. Edit this file:



```
.vscode > {} tasks.json > [ ] tasks > {} 0 > [ ] args > 5
1  {
2    "tasks": [
3      {
4        "type": "cppbuild",
5        "label": "C/C++: clang++ 生成活动文件",
6        "command": "/usr/bin/clang++",
7        "args": [
8          "-fcolor-diagnostics",
9          "-fansi-escape-codes",
10         "-g",
11         "${file}",
12         "-o",
13         "${fileDirname}/${fileBasenameNoExtension}"
14       ],
15        "options": {
16          "cwd": "${fileDirname}"
17        },
18        "problemMatcher": [
19          "$gcc"
20        ],
21        "group": {
```

clang++ 生成活动文件

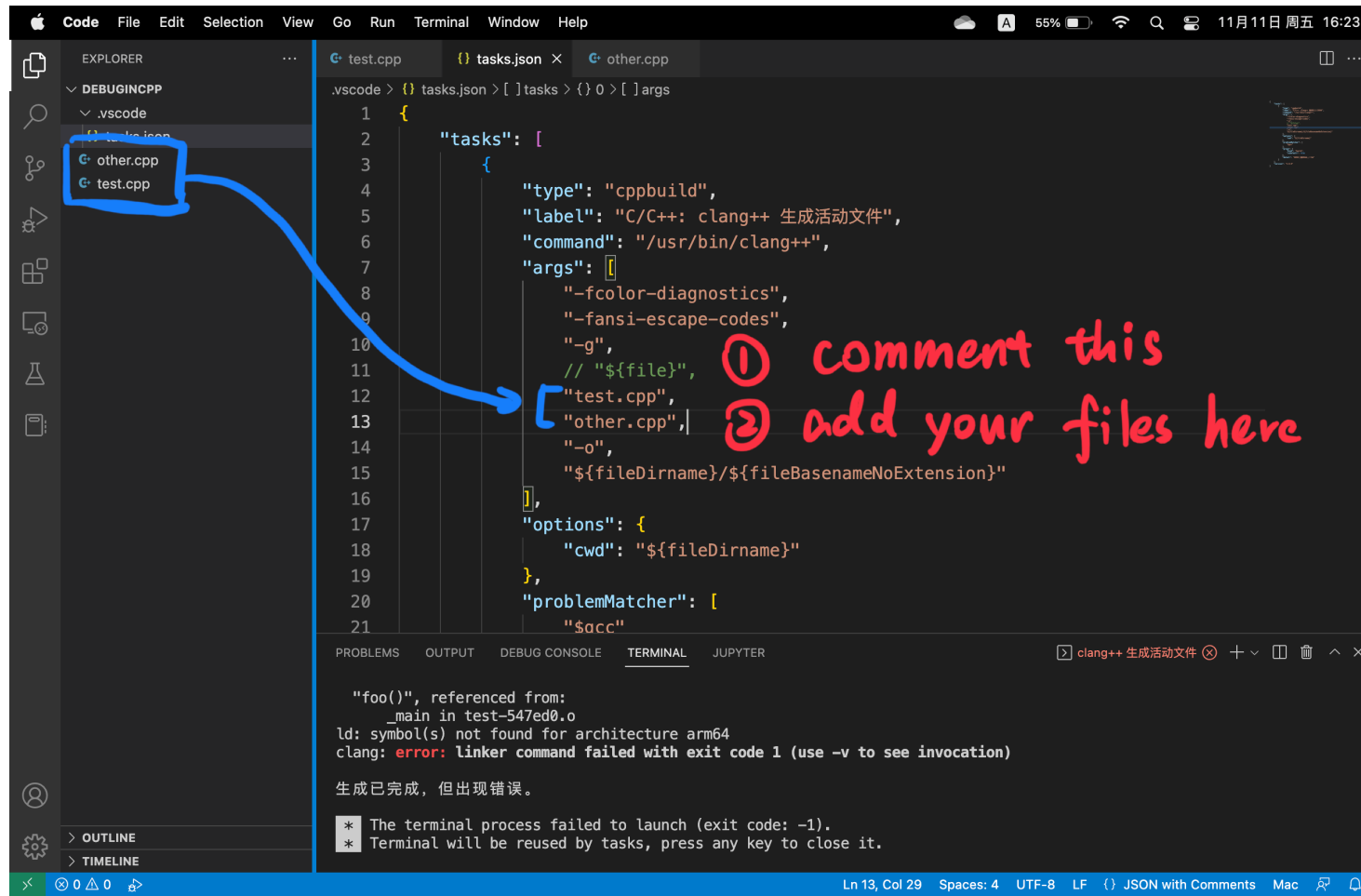
```
"foo()", referenced from:
  _main in test-547ed0.o
ld: symbol(s) not found for architecture arm64
clang: error: linker command failed with exit code 1 (use -v to see invocation)

生成已完成, 但出现错误。

* The terminal process failed to launch (exit code: -1).
* Terminal will be reused by tasks, press any key to close it.
```

2.2 Editing the debug config

- Comment (delete) the “`${file}`”, and add your program source files one by one. E.g., “`test.cpp`”, “`other.cpp`” in my case. Save the `.json` file.



```
.vscode > {} tasks.json > [ ] tasks > {} 0 > [ ] args
1  {
2      "tasks": [
3          {
4              "type": "cppbuild",
5              "label": "C/C++: clang++ 生成活动文件",
6              "command": "/usr/bin/clang++",
7              "args": [
8                  "-fcolor-diagnostics",
9                  "-fansi-escape-codes",
10                 "-g",
11                 // "${file}",
12                 "test.cpp",
13                 "other.cpp",
14                 "-o",
15                 "${fileDirname}/${fileBasenameNoExtension}"
16             ],
17             "options": {
18                 "cwd": "${fileDirname}"
19             },
20             "problemMatcher": [
21                 "$acc"
22             ]
23         }
24     ]
25 }
```

① comment this
② add your files here

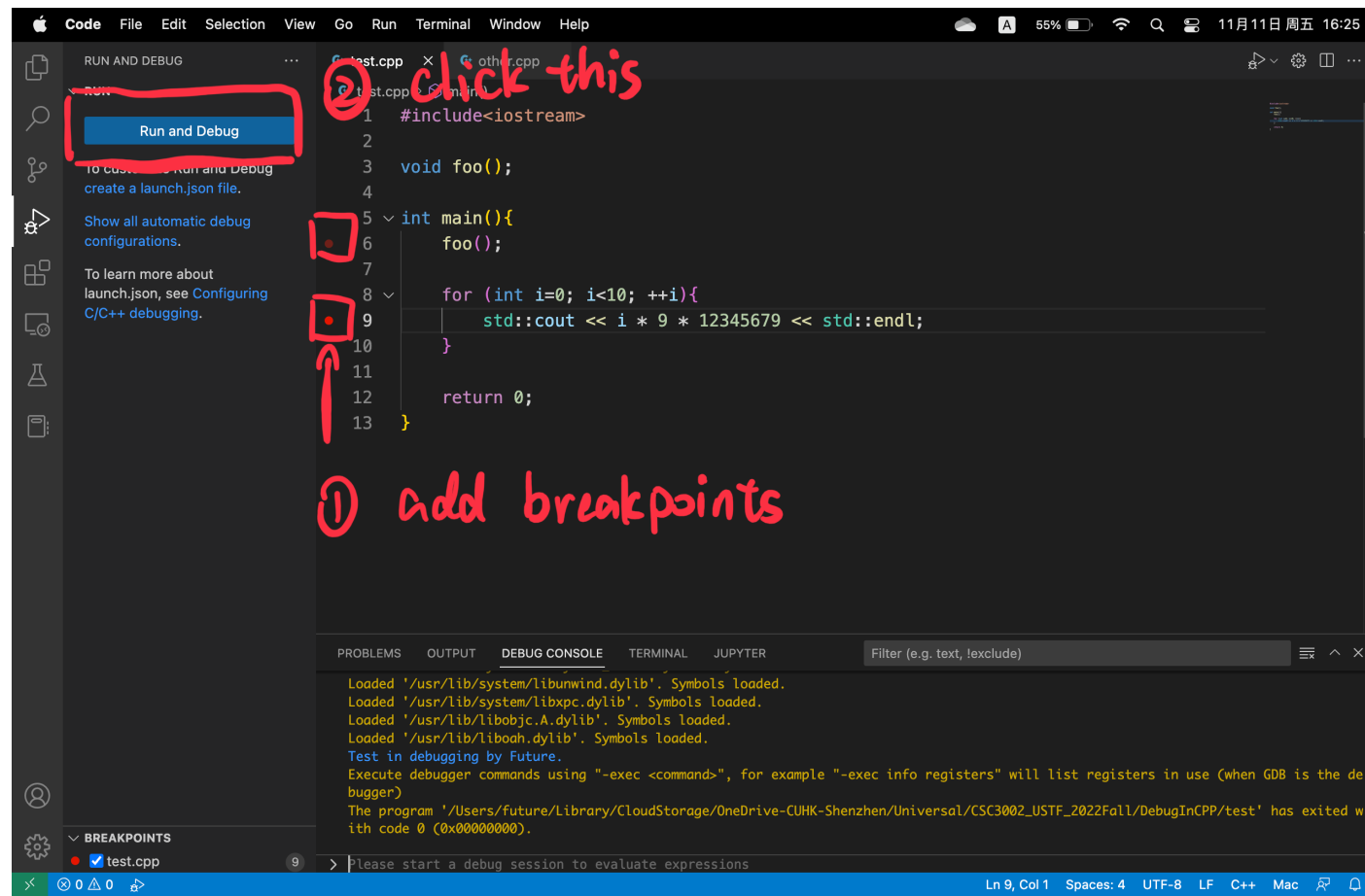
```
clang++ 生成活动文件
"foo()", referenced from:
  _main in test-547ed0.o
ld: symbol(s) not found for architecture arm64
clang: error: linker command failed with exit code 1 (use -v to see invocation)

生成已完成, 但出现错误。

* The terminal process failed to launch (exit code: -1).
* Terminal will be reused by tasks, press any key to close it.
```

2.3 Debug your program

- If everything goes smooth, return to your code, add some breakpoints, and click “Run and Debug” on the left side bar.



2.3 Debug your program

- If everything goes smooth, you will enter the debugging interface. The output is at the “DEBUG CONSOLE” below.

Use this to control debugging process.

```
1 #include<iostream>
2
3 void foo();
4
5 int main(){
6     foo();
7
8     for (int i=0; i<10; ++i){
9         std::cout << i * 9 * 12345679 << std::endl;
10    }
11
12    return 0;
13 }
```

click this

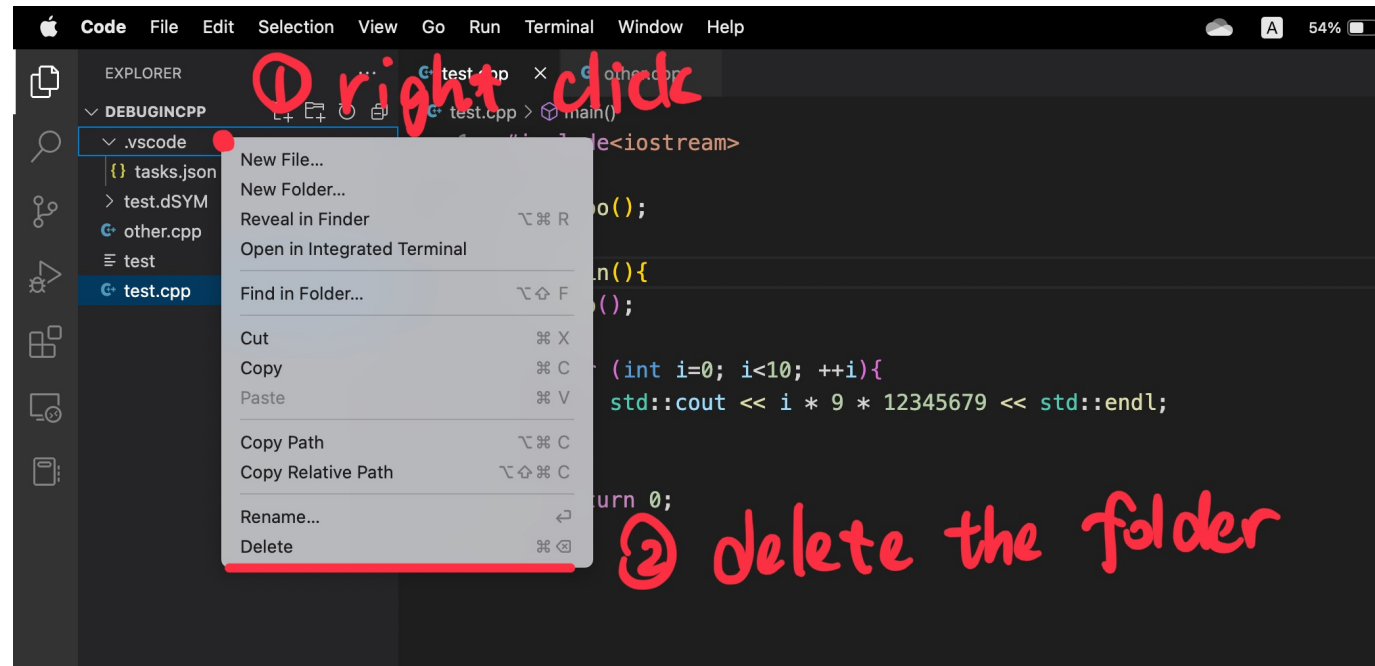
This is the output in line 6, foo()

DEBUG CONSOLE

```
Loaded '/usr/lib/system/libpthread.dylib'. Symbols loaded.
Loaded '/usr/lib/system/libsystem_symptoms.dylib'. Symbols loaded.
Loaded '/usr/lib/system/libsystem_trace.dylib'. Symbols loaded.
Loaded '/usr/lib/system/libunwind.dylib'. Symbols loaded.
Loaded '/usr/lib/system/libxpc.dylib'. Symbols loaded.
Loaded '/usr/lib/libobjc.A.dylib'. Symbols loaded.
Loaded '/usr/lib/libobjc.dylib'. Symbols loaded.
Test in debugging by Future.
Execute debugger commands using "-exec <command>", for example "-exec info registers" will list registers in use (when GDB is the debugger).
```

3 Important Notes

- If you want to debug **another program**, you need to **change the “.vscode/tasks.json” file manually**. Change the source file names to your new program.
- If anything goes wrong, **delete the “.vscode” file and try it again**. If still fails, you may search online for solutions, or use “std::cout” to debug, haha.



3 Important Notes

- To indicate that your desired C++ standard is c++ 17, you may also add one item in “tasks.json”:

```
6     "command": "/usr/bin/clang++",
7     "args": [
8         "-fcolor-diagnostics",
9         "-fansi-escape-codes",
10        "-g",
11        // "${file}",
12        "test.cpp",
13        "other.cpp",
14        → "-std=c++17",
15        "-o",
16        "${fileDirname}/${fileBasenameNoExtension}"
17    ],
18    "options": {
19        "cwd": "${fileDirname}"
```

- A demo video is also available on BB.
- No response to personal emails asking “why I can’t debug multi-files in my VS Code”. Please search it online first. This is an optional topic.